$\epsilon$ 

| MODE    | LS        | SIZE     | Kvs  | STROKE |
|---------|-----------|----------|------|--------|
| Two-way | Three-way | (inches) | m³/h | mm     |
| VSB1    | VMB1      | 1/2      | 1,6  | 16,5   |
| VSB11   | VMB11     | 1/2      | 1    | 16,5   |
| VSB15   | VMB15     | 1/2      | 2,5  | 16,5   |
| VSB2    | VMB2      | 1/2      | 4    | 16,5   |
| VSB3    | VMB3      | 3/4      | 6,3  | 16,5   |
| VSB4    | VMB4      | 1        | 8    | 16,5   |
| VSB5    | VMB5      | 1 1/4    | 16   | 16,5   |
| VSB6    | VMB6      | 1 1/2    | 22   | 16,5   |
| VSB8    | VMB8      | 2        | 30   | 16,5   |
| VSB8A   | VMB8A     | 2        | 40   | 16,5   |



100 kPa = 1 bar = 10 m H,O

# APPLICATION AND USE

Two-way VSB and three-way VMB valves can be used either for control or fluid detection in air-conditioning, thermoventilation and heating plants, both environmental and industrial, in machines for product thermal process.

Three-way valves should be used only as mixing valves; angle way should never be used for control purposes.

## **ACTUATORS**

VSB and VMB are actuated by CONTROLLI MVB, MVL, MVLA/C, SH, ST electrical and by PL600 and PG300 pneumatic actuators

| priedifialic actuators. |                                |
|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| VALVE MODELS            | ACTUATORS $\Delta$ p max (Bar) |

| Two   | Three | MVB    | MVLA/C | MVL   | SH-ST | PL600  |
|-------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| way   | way   |        | +AG31  | +AG31 | +AG21 | +AG21  |
|       |       | PG330  |        |       |       |        |
|       |       | PG340  | PG320  |       |       |        |
|       |       | +AG34  | +AG34  |       |       |        |
| VSB1  | VMB1  | 2(10)  | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(10)  |
| VSB11 | VMB11 | 2(10)  | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(10)  |
| VSB15 | VMB15 | 2(10)  | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(10)  |
| VSB2  | VMB2  | 2(10)  | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(10)  |
| VSB3  | VMB3  | 2(10)  | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(10)  |
| VSB4  | VMB4  | 2(6,5) | 2(10)  | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(8,4) |
| VSB5  | VMB5  | 2(4)   | 2(6)   | 2(10) | 2(10) | 2(5)   |
| VSB6  | VMB6  | 2(2,5) | 2(4)   | 2(8)  | 2(8)  | 2(3,5) |
| VSB8  | VMB8  | 2(2)   | 2(3)   | 2(6)  | 2(6)  | 2(2,5) |
| VSB8A | VMB8A | 2(2)   | 2(3)   | 2(6)  | 2(6)  | 2(2,5) |

 $\Delta P$  max = max differential pressure value ensured by the actuator for regular operation

Values in brackets represent the max. differential pressure granted by the actuator for fully closed valve only.

For the assembly on actuators other than MVB, use the following accessories:

AG21 for SH-ST-PL600 actuators AG31 for MVL-MVLA/C actuators AG34 for PG 300 actuators

Note: in case of lack of voltage, with MVLA direct way is closed, with MVLC angle way is closed.

# **OPERATION**

When stem is up, the direct way is closed, with stem down direct way is open.

# MANUFACTURING CHARACTERISTICS

The valve body is in G25 cast iron (only DN1/2" valves have brass body and fitting).

The plug is in brass with Contoured-type profile on direct way and V-port on angle way.

The stem is in CrNi steel with threaded M8 end and female threaded connections. The stem packing is constituted by a Viton O-ring with graphited teflon scraper rings.

# TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Body rating                       | 1600 Kpa max (16 bar)        |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Control characteristics           |                              |
| VSB-VMB direct way                | equal-percentage             |
| VMB angle way                     | linear                       |
| Leakage                           |                              |
| VSB-VMB direct way                | 00,03% of Kvs                |
| VMB angle way                     | 02% of Kvs                   |
| Connections                       | female threaded              |
| Stroke                            | 16,5 mm (max 18,5)           |
| Allowed fluids                    |                              |
| - water                           |                              |
| max. temperature                  | 150 °C                       |
| min. temperature                  | -10 °C                       |
|                                   | (in case of ice on stem and  |
|                                   | gasket, use the stem-        |
|                                   | heater, see actuators data   |
|                                   | sheets; it is not applicable |
|                                   | to V.B 1/2" valves)          |
| glycol added                      | max 50%                      |
| <ul> <li>satured steam</li> </ul> |                              |
| max. temperature                  | 150 °C                       |
| max. pressure                     | 2,5 bar (absolute value)     |
| Weight                            | See overall dimensions       |

NOTE: If V.B valves are assembled with MVB+spacer (MVBHT) the max. operating temperature is 140 °C, while without spacer is 120 °C. For other actuators the max. operating temperature is 150 °C.

Rev. i 03/02 1 DBL008E



Invensys Controls Italy S.r.I.
CONTROLLI Division
16010 SANT'OLCESE Genova - Italy
Tel. +39 01073061
Fax +39 0107306870/871
E-mail info@controlli.org
Web www.controlli.org

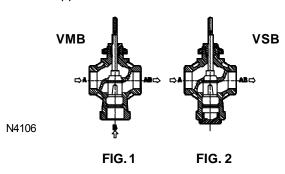


## INSTALLATION

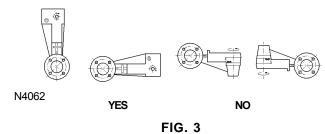
Before valves are mounted, make sure that pipes are clean, free from welding slags, that are perfectly lined up with valve body and not subjected to vibrations.

The valve can be mounted in any position except upsidedown (for MVL - MVLA/C actuators see Fig. 3).

While assembling, respect the flow directions indicated by the letters located on the valve body (see Fig. 1 and 2) and the application schemes.



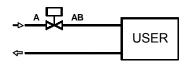
# **MOUNTING POSITIONS**



# APPLICATION SCHEMES

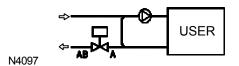
# **VSB VALVES**

a) Variable flow control when used



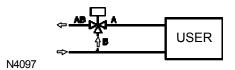
N4097

b) Constant flow when used in injection circuits

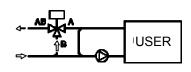


# **VMB VALVES**

c) Variable flow mixing when used

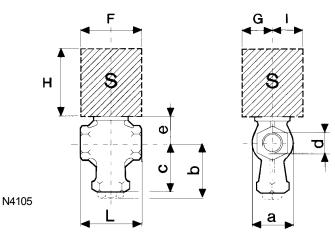


 d) Constant flow mixing when used in injection or tapping circuits



# OVERALL DIMENSIONS (mm.)

N4097



S = Minimum required dimensions for actuator mounting

| VALVE DIMENSIONS (mm) |         |         |    |      |     | WEIGHT |        |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|----|------|-----|--------|--------|
| DN"                   | d       | VSB-VMB |    |      | VSB | VMB    | WEIGHT |
| DIN                   | u       | L       | а  | е    | b   | С      | (Kg.)  |
| 1/2                   | G 1/2   | 80      | 54 | 17   | 70  | 70     | 1,1    |
| 3/4                   | G 3/4   | 85      | 54 | 34,5 | 79  | 67,5   | 1,1    |
| 1                     | G 1     | 95      | 62 | 39,5 | 83  | 72,5   | 1,5    |
| 1 1/4                 | G 1 1/4 | 108     | 70 | 43,5 | 90  | 78,5   | 2      |
| 1 1/2                 | G 1 1/2 | 120     | 81 | 51   | 98  | 85,5   | 2,7    |
| 2 (V.B8A)             | G 2     | 194     | 97 | 54,5 | 111 | 97     | 5      |
| 2 (V.B8)              | G 2     | 142     | 97 | 54.5 | 111 | 97     | 4      |

| ACTUATOR DIMENSIONS (mm) |     |       |     |     |  |
|--------------------------|-----|-------|-----|-----|--|
|                          | Н   | F     | G   |     |  |
| MVB                      | 300 | 150   | 190 | 160 |  |
| MVL                      | 371 | 220   | 30  | 148 |  |
| MVLA/C                   | 371 | 220   | 58  | 148 |  |
| SH                       | 420 | 160   | 70  | 250 |  |
| ST                       | 420 | 160   | 70  | 210 |  |
| PL600                    | 470 | 300   | 200 | 200 |  |
| PG300                    | 142 | Ø 190 | 95  | 95  |  |

The performances stated on this sheet can be modified without any prior notice due to design improvement.

Rev. i 03/02 2 DBL008E



| MODEL  | TIMING<br>(s.) | POWER SUPPLY<br>V~ | ACTION          |
|--------|----------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| MVB 26 | 65             | 230                | floating        |
| MVB 46 | 65             | 24                 | floating        |
| MVB 22 | 30             | 230                | floating        |
| MVB 28 | 420            | 230                | floating        |
| MVB 36 | 65             | 24                 | prop (165 ohm)  |
| MVB 56 | 65             | 24                 | prop (V– or mA) |
| MVB 52 | 30             | 24                 | prop (V– or mA) |
|        |                |                    |                 |

Timing refers to 16,5 mm standard stroke. For different strokes use the following formula:

| Stroke time (seconds) = |   | Timing x | Stroke (mm) |
|-------------------------|---|----------|-------------|
|                         | = |          | 16.5        |

#### APPLICATION AND USE

The actuators are equipped with a reversing synchronous motor and an electronic board available in three different models respectively for:

- floating control
- proportional control (potentiometric )
- proportional control (voltage or current )

Due to their versatility these actuators can be mounted both on new "Controlli" globe valves up to DN 2" as well as on different manufacturer valves, having stroke from 10.8 to 20 mm.

| Valve body | Nominal diameter | Model       |
|------------|------------------|-------------|
| PN 16      | DN 1/2 "2"       | VSB (2 way) |
| PN 16      | DN 1/2 "2"       | VMB (3 way) |

## **OPERATION**

All actuator models are equipped with an advanced design motor using a magnetic clutch to avoid electric end switches, thus improving the global system reliability.

An additional feature is provided on voltage/current proportional models: an output signal (0...10 V- 10...0 V- and 0...200 uA) indicating the valve stem position. An internal jumper provides the rotation sense inversion. Moreover, there is a device which doesn't supply the motor when the actuator is at both end stroke for a time equivalent to twice as timing.

All models are equipped with a manual override device.

## MANUFACTURING CHARACTERISTICS

The actuator has been manufactured using thermo-plastic materials: in particular new technopolimers have been utilized for the most stressed parts, allowing a reduction in weight of the apparatus while granting the necessary mechanical features. The printed circuit board is placed in an easy access position together with the optional auxiliary microswitch, fully adjustable on the whole stroke.

03/02



## TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Power supply 24 or 230  $V\sim \pm 10\%$ Power consumption 5 VA

Frequency 50/60 Hz
Max stroke 21 mm (mechanical stroke end)

Timing see available models

Close off force 450 N

Room temperature

- working 5T50 °C - storage 25T65 °C

Max fluid temperature 120 °C (140 °C with MVBHT)

Allowed room moisture 80% R.H.
Class protection II (CEI 107-10)

Terminal board screw-type for 1.5 to 2.5 mm² wires N.2 conduit opening with a rubber membrane break through hole (Ø=16 mm) replaceable by PG 11 compression glands

Protection degree IP 50 for environments with normal pollution according to IEC730-1

(93) 6.5.3 0.8 Kg.

Input signal

Weight

Floating 2 SPST connections

Proportional (pot.) 165 Ohm

Proportional control

voltage (max 0.1 mA) 8...11 V/4...7 V/6...9 V/0...10 V/2...10 V/

1...5 V

current (250 Ohm) 4...20 mA **Output signal** (remote position indicator)

voltage 0...10 /10...0 V- (2 mA max)

current 0...200 uA

Product conforms to EMC 89/336 directive with reference to: EN50081-1 for emission EN50082-1 for immunity

# POSSIBLE COMBINATIONS AND CONNECTIONS

The actuators can be connected to "Controlli" DIGITROLL 2000, 4000, 5000, 7000 and series 200, 300, 400 and 500 controllers. They can also be connected to any other controller having a driving signal as showed in the "TECHNICAL CHARACTERISTICS" paragraph.

The following accessories are available:

MODEL DESCRIPTION

244 Stem heater (24 V ~ -25VA). Avoid mounting on V\_B.F Ø 15 valves

D36 Auxiliary micro-switch with adjustable cam (SPDT 10 (3) A-250 V ~). Disconnection 1B according to IEC730-1 (93) 6.4.3.2

AG22 Linkage for V2/V3-500 valves AG23 Linkage for Cazzaniga valves AG40 Linkage for VB7000 valves

MVBHT Spacer to reduce the direct exposure of the actuator with high temperature fluids

MVBPA2 For MVB46-P.c. board with 1 Kohm aux. potentiometer



Rev. h

ISO 9002

Invensys Controls Italy S.r.l.
CONTROLLI Division
16010 SANT'OLCESE Genova - Italy
Tel. +39 01073061
Fax +39 0107306870/871
E-mail info@controlli.org

Web www.controlli.org

1



DBL005E

#### INSTALLATION

The actuator can be mounted in any position but the vertical one is preferable; it is necessary to leave at least 10 cm. above the actuator for maintenance. The electric connections must be performed by removing the cover with the writing "TERMINALS ON THIS SIDE" and operating according to the existing standards.

After completing the connections, supply the motor and make sure the electric operation is regular and that the valve completes the whole stroke.

## Actuator with electronic board for proportional voltage and current input

The actuators are calibrated for 6...9 V- input signal. To select a different signal range, it is necessary to move the jumper on SW1 from 6...9 set position to the desired one (see Fig. 1). To select the 4...20 mA field, insert two jumpers using also the one pre-set in open position.

The actuator rotation direction can be reversed by moving the jumper on SW2 from A to C position (see Fig. 1).

# Actuators with electronic board for proportional potentiometric input

To change the rotation direction, reverse the connections between M and V+ terminals.

## Mounting on other manufacturer valve bodies.

Because of its versatility the actuator can be mounted on different valves havingstroke from 10.8 to 20 mm, with M8x1.25 threaded stem and 71 mm distance between the stem top and the actuator linkage support plane.

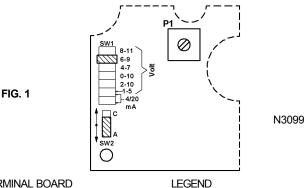
The actuator linkage to the valve body has a  $\emptyset$ =30,5 mm hole. The model with a floating driving signal is self-adjusting to different strokes (the standard one is 16.5 mm).

However, if the stroke is different from 16,5, it's necessary to carry on the calibration as follows:

- Remove the cover on the knob side.
- For MVB52/56 only, make sure that jumper SW2 is in A position (Fig. 2).
- Supply the actuator between L1 and L2 terminals with Y terminal disconnected.
- Wait the actuator to reach the lower stroke end.
- Connect the positive of the voltmeter to S2 terminal and the negative to M.
- Rotate P1 trimmer until the voltmeter indicates

The actuator can be installed on valves with different coupling assemblies using dedicated linkages, avaliable on request.

# ELECTRONIC BOARD



TERMINAL BOARD

- MVB 2. (230 V~)

- MVB 46( 24 V~)



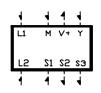
Y1 Joint up N Common Input signal (1) Y2 Joint down

**LEGEND** 

(4)

TERMINAL BOARD

– MV/R 5 - MVB 36 L1 Power supply 24 V ~ ±10%

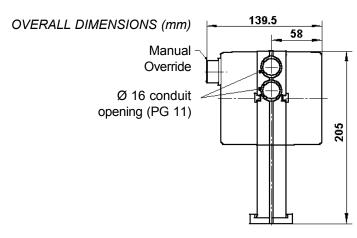


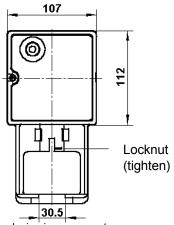
М Common Output +15 V-(2) V+ Input signal (3)

S3 0...10V- or 0...200 Ua S2 10...0V- or 200...0 uA Common (analogical)

N3009

- (1) With voltage between N (Common) and Y1 (phase from controller contact): joint moves upwards. If voltage is between N and Y2: joint comes down. Without voltage the controller remains in the position gained.
- (2) For MVB36 model connect the cursor of the controller potentiometer (165 ohm) to Y terminal , the ends to M and to V+
- (3) The joint moves up when the jumper on SW2 is in A position (fig. 1) and the input signal increases.
- (4) Connect the current input indicator to S3 (or S2) and S1 terminals. Connect the voltage input indicator to S3 (or S2) and M terminals. The left value of voltage (current) range corresponds to joint up.





The performances stated on this sheet can be modified without any prior due to design improvements

Rev. h 03/02 DBL005E

